

# **Distribution Fitting (Life Distribution)**

Use to model a single continuous variable with a probability distribution and estimate a variety of parameters (e.g., mean, percentiles, probabilities). This platform is designed to fit and compare many different distributions and can analyze data that is censored (incomplete). Note: Though frequently used to analyze time-to-event data, the analysis methods can be used to model any continous variable (e.g., force-to-event).

## Distribution Fitting (Life Distribution)

- 1. From an open JMP data table, select Analyze > Reliability and Survival > Life Distribution.
- 2. Select a continuous time variable from **Select Columns**, then click Y, Time to Event (continuous variables have blue triangles).
- 3. If the data contain censored values, select the censoring variable and click **Censor**. Change the **Censor Code** if needed (the default is Censored).
- 4. Select the Confidence Interval Method (the default is Wald), and click OK.

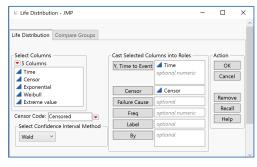
JMP will display:

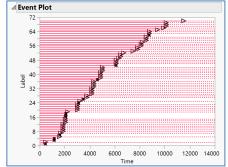
- An **Event Plot** (click on the gray icon to open), which graphically depicts failures (denoted by X's) and censored events (denoted by triangles).
- The Compare Distributions panel, which allows you to compare the fit of various distributions.
- The **Statistics** panel, with summary statistics, parameter estimates and profilers for each distribution selected.

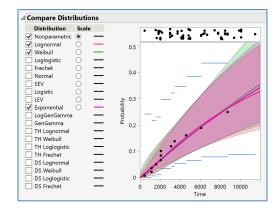
#### **To Compare Distributions:**

- Click a radio button under **Scale** to apply the scale for a distribution. If the selected distribution fits the data well, the plotted points will approximate a straight line.
- Check a box under **Compare Distributions** to fit a distribution and display a fitted line, shaded confidence bands and a Profiler for the distribution.
- Select Fit All Distribution or Fit All Non-negative under the top red triangle to compare all distributions using model comparison criteria such as AIC and BIC.

#### Fan.jmp (Help > Sample Data Folder > Reliability)







### Tips:

- To compare the same life distribution across groups, use the **Compare Groups** option in the Life Distribution dialog. Other options, such as show survival curve and view tabbed report are available from the top red triangle.
- If studying competing failure causes, enter the variable in the Failure Cause field in the launch window.
- Continuous distributions can also be fit in **Analyze > Distribution**.